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SECTION	1. IDENTIFICATION			
Produ	ict name	:	Pennzoil Ultra Pla	atinum 0W-20
Produ	ict code	:	001F2315	
Manu	facturer or supplier's	deta	ails	
Manu	facturer/Supplier	:	Shell Canada Pr 400 - 4th Avenue Calgary AB T2P Canada	S.W
Telep Telefa		:	(+1) 8006611600 (+1) 4033848345	
Emer ber	gency telephone num-	:	(US)	hr): 1 (703) 527-3887 or 1 (800) 424-9300): (+1) 613-996-6666; Toll Free: 1-888-CAN-)
Reco	mmended use of the c	hen	nical and restriction	ons on use
Reco	mmended use	:	Engine oil.	

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS Classification

Not a hazardous substance or mixture.

GHS label elements

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Precautionary statements	 Prevention: No precautionary phrases. Response: No precautionary phrases. Storage:
Dracoutionany statements	
	Not classified as a physical hazard under GHS criteria. HEALTH HAZARDS: Not classified as a health hazard under GHS criteria. ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS: Not classified as an environmental hazard under GHS criteria.
Hazard statements	: PHYSICAL HAZARDS:
Signal word	: No signal word
Hazard pictograms	: No Hazard Symbol required

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No precautionary phrases. **Disposal:** No precautionary phrases.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

Prolonged or repeated skin contact without proper cleaning can clog the pores of the skin resulting in disorders such as oil acne/folliculitis. Used oil may contain harmful impurities.

Not classified as flammable but will burn.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance name	: Pennzoil Ultra Platinum 0W-20
Chemical nature	 Synthetic base oil and additives. Highly refined mineral oil. The highly refined mineral oil contains <3% (w/w) DMSO- extract, according to IP346. The highly refined mineral oil is only present as additive dilu- ent.

Hazardous components

Chemical name	CAS-No.	Concentration (% w/w)
Alkylated phenol ester	125643-61-0	1 - 3
Distillates (Fischer - Tropsch), heavy, C18-50 – branched, cyclic and linear	848301-69-9	60 - 80

SECTION 4. FIRST-AID MEASURES

General advice	:	Not expected to be a health hazard when used under normal conditions.
If inhaled	:	No treatment necessary under normal conditions of use. If symptoms persist, obtain medical advice.
In case of skin contact	:	Remove contaminated clothing. Flush exposed area with wa- ter and follow by washing with soap if available. If persistent irritation occurs, obtain medical attention.
In case of eye contact	:	Flush eye with copious quantities of water. If persistent irritation occurs, obtain medical attention.
If swallowed	:	In general no treatment is necessary unless large quantities are swallowed, however, get medical advice.
Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed	:	Oil acne/folliculitis signs and symptoms may include formation of black pustules and spots on the skin of exposed areas. Ingestion may result in nausea, vomiting and/or diarrhoea.
Protection of first-aiders	:	When administering first aid, ensure that you are wearing the

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			rsonal protective equipment according to the and surroundings.
Notes	to physician	: Treat symptom	atically.

SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media	:	Foam, water spray or fog. Dry chemical powder, carbon diox- ide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	:	Do not use water in a jet.
Specific hazards during fire- fighting	:	Hazardous combustion products may include: A complex mixture of airborne solid and liquid particulates and gases (smoke). Carbon monoxide may be evolved if incomplete combustion occurs. Unidentified organic and inorganic compounds.
Specific extinguishing meth- ods	:	Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local cir- cumstances and the surrounding environment.
Special protective equipment for firefighters	:	Proper protective equipment including chemical resistant gloves are to be worn; chemical resistant suit is indicated if large contact with spilled product is expected. Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus must be worn when approaching a fire in a confined space. Select fire fighter's clothing approved to relevant Standards (e.g. Europe: EN469).

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protec- tive equipment and emer- gency procedures	:	Avoid contact with skin and eyes.
Environmental precautions	:	Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contami- nation. Prevent from spreading or entering drains, ditches or rivers by using sand, earth, or other appropriate barriers.
		Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up	:	Slippery when spilt. Avoid accidents, clean up immediately. Prevent from spreading by making a barrier with sand, earth or other containment material. Reclaim liquid directly or in an absorbent. Soak up residue with an absorbent such as clay, sand or other suitable material and dispose of properly.

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Additi	onal advice	see Chapter 8	n selection of personal protective equipment of this Safety Data Sheet. n disposal of spilled material see Chapter 13 of a Sheet.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

General Precautions :	:	Use local exhaust ventilation if there is risk of inhalation of vapours, mists or aerosols. Use the information in this data sheet as input to a risk assessment of local circumstances to help determine appropriate controls for safe handling, storage and disposal of this material.
Advice on safe handling :	:	Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin. Avoid inhaling vapour and/or mists. When handling product in drums, safety footwear should be worn and proper handling equipment should be used. Properly dispose of any contaminated rags or cleaning mate- rials in order to prevent fires.
Avoidance of contact :	:	Strong oxidising agents.
Product Transfer :	:	This material has the potential to be a static accumulator. Proper grounding and bonding procedures should be used during all bulk transfer operations.
Storage		
Other data :	:	Keep container tightly closed and in a cool, well-ventilated place. Use properly labeled and closable containers.
		Store at ambient temperature.
Packaging material :	:	Suitable material: For containers or container linings, use mild steel or high density polyethylene. Unsuitable material: PVC.
Container Advice :	:	Polyethylene containers should not be exposed to high tem- peratures because of possible risk of distortion.

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION

Components with workplace control parameters

Components CAS-N	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parame- ters / Permissible concentration	Basis
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Oil mis	st, mineral	Not Assigned	TWA ((inhal- able frac- tion))	5 mg/m3	US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values
			TWA (Mist)	5 mg/m3	OSHA Z-1
			TWA (Inhal- able fraction)	5 mg/m3	ACGIH

Biological occupational exposure limits

No biological limit allocated.

Monitoring Methods

Monitoring of the concentration of substances in the breathing zone of workers or in the general workplace may be required to confirm compliance with an OEL and adequacy of exposure controls. For some substances biological monitoring may also be appropriate.

Validated exposure measurement methods should be applied by a competent person and samples analysed by an accredited laboratory.

Examples of sources of recommended exposure measurement methods are given below or contact the supplier. Further national methods may be available.

National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH), USA: Manual of Analytical Methods http://www.cdc.gov/niosh/

Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA), USA: Sampling and Analytical Methods http://www.osha.gov/

Health and Safety Executive (HSE), UK: Methods for the Determination of Hazardous Substances http://www.hse.gov.uk/

Institut für Arbeitsschutz Deutschen Gesetzlichen Unfallversicherung (IFA), Germany http://www.dguv.de/inhalt/index.jsp

L'Institut National de Recherche et de Securité, (INRS), France http://www.inrs.fr/accueil

Engineering measures

 The level of protection and types of controls necessary will vary depending upon potential exposure conditions. Select controls based on a risk assessment of local circumstances. Appropriate measures include: Adequate ventilation to control airborne concentrations.
 Where material is heated, sprayed or mist formed, there is greater potential for airborne concentrations to be generated.
 General Information: Define procedures for safe handling and maintenance of controls.

Educate and train workers in the hazards and control measures relevant to normal activities associated with this product.

Ensure appropriate selection, testing and maintenance of equipment used to control exposure, e.g. personal protective equipment, local exhaust ventilation.

Drain down system prior to equipment break-in or maintenance.

Retain drain downs in sealed storage pending disposal or subsequent recycle.

Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as

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		drinking, and/or protective equip	after handling the material and before eating, smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and ment to remove contaminants. Discard con- ng and footwear that cannot be cleaned. ousekeeping.
Perso	onal protective equip	ment	
	iratory protection	: No respiratory p conditions of use In accordance w tions should be If engineering co tions to a level w select respirator cific conditions of Check with resp Where air-filterin priate combinati Select a filter su	rotection is ordinarily required under normal e. vith good industrial hygiene practices, precau- taken to avoid breathing of material. ontrols do not maintain airborne concentra- which is adequate to protect worker health, y protection equipment suitable for the spe- of use and meeting relevant legislation. iratory protective equipment suppliers. ng respirators are suitable, select an appro- on of mask and filter. itable for the combination of organic gases ype A/Type P boiling point >65°C (149°F)].
	protection marks	gloves approved US: F739) made suitable chemica gloves Suitability usage, e.g. frequesistance of glove glove suppliers. Personal hygien Gloves must onl gloves, hands sl cation of a non-p For continuous of through time of u 480 minutes whe short-term/splas recognize that s may not be avai time maybe accu- and replacemen a good predictor dependent on the Glove thickness	htact with the product may occur the use of d to relevant standards (e.g. Europe: EN374, e from the following materials may provide al protection. PVC, neoprene or nitrile rubber y and durability of a glove is dependent on uency and duration of contact, chemical re- e material, dexterity. Always seek advice from Contaminated gloves should be replaced. e is a key element of effective hand care. by be worn on clean hands. After using hould be washed and dried thoroughly. Appli- berfumed moisturizer is recommended. contact we recommend gloves with break- more than 240 minutes with preference for > ere suitable gloves can be identified. For th protection we recommend the same, but uitable gloves offering this level of protection lable and in this case a lower breakthrough eptable so long as appropriate maintenance t regimes are followed. Glove thickness is not of glove resistance to a chemical as it is ne exact composition of the glove material. should be typically greater than 0.35 mm e glove make and model.
Еуе р	protection		ndled such that it could be splashed into eyes, ear is recommended.
Skin	and body protection	: Skin protection i work clothes.	s not ordinarily required beyond standard

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		It is good pra	ctice to wear chemical resistant gloves.		
Therm	nal hazards	: Not applicabl	e		
Protective measures			: Personal protective equipment (PPE) should meet recommended national standards. Check with PPE suppliers.		
Envir	onmental exposure o	controls			
General advice :		vant environr of the environ necessary, pr charged to w municipal or discharge to Local guidelir	Take appropriate measures to fulfill the requirements of rele- vant environmental protection legislation. Avoid contamination of the environment by following advice given in Chapter 6. If necessary, prevent undissolved material from being dis- charged to waste water. Waste water should be treated in a municipal or industrial waste water treatment plant before discharge to surface water. Local guidelines on emission limits for volatile substances must be observed for the discharge of exhaust air containing vapour.		

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance	:	Liquid at room temperature.
Colour	:	amber
Odour	:	Slight hydrocarbon
Odour Threshold	:	Data not available
рН	:	Not applicable
pour point	:	-42 °C / -44 °F Method: Unspecified
Initial boiling point and boiling range	:	> 280 °C / 536 °F estimated value(s)
Flash point	:	208 °C / 406 °F
		Method: ASTM D93 (PMCC)
Evaporation rate	:	Data not available
Flammability (solid, gas)	:	Data not available
Upper explosion limit	:	Typical 10 %(V)
Lower explosion limit	:	Typical 1 %(V)

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Vapo	ur pressure		: < 0.5 Pa (20 °C / 68 °F) estimated value(s)		
Relat	ive vapour density	: > 1 est	> 1 estimated value(s)		
Relat	ive density	: 0.8	39 (15 °C / 59	9°F)	
Dens	ity	: 839	9 kg/m3 (15.0	°C / 59.0 °F)Method: ASTM D4052	
	ility(ies) iter solubility	: neg	gligible		
Solubility in other solvents		: Dat	: Data not available		
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water			Pow: > 6 (based on information on similar products)		
Auto-	Auto-ignition temperature		20 °C / 608 °	F	
Viscosity Viscosity, dynamic		: Dat	ta not availab	le	
Vis	Viscosity, kinematic		42.8 mm2/s (40.0 °C / 104.0 °F) Method: Unspecified		
Explo	sive properties	: Not	Not classified		
Oxidi	zing properties	: Dat	: Data not available		
Cond	uctivity	: Thi	s material is i	not expected to be a static accumulator.	
Decomposition temperature		: Dat	ta not availab	le	

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity		The product does not pose any further reactivity hazards in addition to those listed in the following sub-paragraph.
Chemical stability	:	Stable.
Possibility of hazardous reac- tions	:	Reacts with strong oxidising agents.
Conditions to avoid	:	Extremes of temperature and direct sunlight.
Incompatible materials	:	Strong oxidising agents.
Hazardous decomposition products	:	Hazardous decomposition products are not expected to form during normal storage.

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SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Basis for assessment : Information given is based on data on the components and the toxicology of similar products.Unless indicated otherwise, the data presented is representative of the product as a whole, rather than for individual component(s).

Information on likely routes of exposure

Skin and eye contact are the primary routes of exposure although exposure may occur following accidental ingestion.

Acute toxicity	
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Product:	
Acute oral toxicity	: LD50 (rat): > 5,000 mg/kg Remarks: Expected to be of low toxicity:
Acute inhalation toxicity	: Remarks: Not considered to be an inhalation hazard under normal conditions of use.
Acute dermal toxicity	: LD50 (Rabbit): > 5,000 mg/kg Remarks: Expected to be of low toxicity:

Skin corrosion/irritation

Product:

Remarks: Expected to be slightly irritating. Prolonged or repeated skin contact without proper cleaning can clog the pores of the skin resulting in disorders such as oil acne/folliculitis.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Product:

Remarks: Expected to be slightly irritating.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Product:

Remarks: Not expected to be a skin sensitiser.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Product:

Genotoxicity in vivo

: Remarks: Not considered a mutagenic hazard.

Carcinogenicity

Product:

Remarks: Not expected to be carcinogenic.

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:

Reproductive toxicity

Product:

Effects on fertility

Remarks: Not expected to impair fertility. Not expected to be a developmental toxicant.

STOT - single exposure

Product:

Remarks: Not expected to be a hazard.

STOT - repeated exposure

Product:

Remarks: Not expected to be a hazard.

Aspiration toxicity

Product:

Not considered an aspiration hazard.

Further information

Product:

Remarks: Used oils may contain harmful impurities that have accumulated during use. The concentration of such impurities will depend on use and they may present risks to health and the environment on disposal.

ALL used oil should be handled with caution and skin contact avoided as far as possible.

Remarks: Continuous contact with used engine oils has caused skin cancer in animal tests.

Remarks: Slightly irritating to respiratory system.

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Basis for assessment	 Ecotoxicological data have not been determined specifically for this product. Information given is based on a knowledge of the components and the ecotoxicology of similar products. Unless indicated otherwise, the data presented is representa- tive of the product as a whole, rather than for individual com- ponent(s).(LL/EL/IL50 expressed as the nominal amount of product required to prepare aqueous test extract).
Ecotoxicity	

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Toxic ty)	Toxicity to fish (Acute toxici- ty)		Remarks: Expect LL/EL/IL50 > 100	ed to be practically non toxic: mg/l			
	Toxicity to crustacean (Acute toxicity)		Remarks: Expect LL/EL/IL50 > 100	ed to be practically non toxic: mg/l			
	Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants (Acute toxicity)		Remarks: Expected to be practically non toxic: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l				
Toxic icity)	city to fish (Chronic tox-	:	Remarks: Data no	ot available			
	city to crustacean	:	Remarks: Data no	ot available			
Ťoxio	onic toxicity) city to microorganisms te toxicity)	:	: Remarks: Data not available				
Pers	istence and degradabil	ity					
	<u>Product:</u> Biodegradability		Major constituent	ed to be not readily biodegradable. s are expected to be inherently biodegrada- components that may persist in the environ-			
Bioa	ccumulative potential						
Prod	luct:						
Bioa	ccumulation	:	Remarks: Contair cumulate.	is components with the potential to bioac-			
	tion coefficient: n- nol/water	:	Pow: > 6 Remarks: (based	on information on similar products)			
Mob	ility in soil						
<mark>Prod</mark> Mobi		: Remarks: Liquid under most environmental conditions. If it enters soil, it will adsorb to soil particles and will not be mobile.					
			Remarks: Floats	on water.			
Othe	er adverse effects						
Prod	luct:						
	tional ecological infor-	:	: Product is a mixture of non-volatile components, which are not expected to be released to air in any significant quantities. Not expected to have ozone depletion potential, photochemi-				
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		cal ozone creati	cal ozone creation potential or global warming potential.			
			Poorly soluble mixture. May cause physical fouling of aquatic organisms.			
SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS						
Dispo	osal methods					
Waste from residues		ground water, o	Waste product should not be allowed to contaminate soil or ground water, or be disposed of into the environment. Waste, spills or used product is dangerous waste.			
		national, and loo Local regulation	be in accordance with applicable regional, cal laws and regulations. s may be more stringent than regional or na- ents and must be complied with.			
Conta	aminated packaging	to a recognized the collector or Disposal should	rdance with prevailing regulations, preferably collector or contractor. The competence of contractor should be established beforehand. be in accordance with applicable regional, cal laws and regulations.			

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

National Regulations

TDG

Not regulated as a dangerous good

International Regulations

IATA-DGR

Not regulated as a dangerous good

IMDG-Code

Not regulated as a dangerous good

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Pollution category Ship type Product name Special precautions	 Not applicable Not applicable Not applicable Not applicable
Special precautions for user	
Remarks	: Special Precautions: Refer to Chapter 7, Handling & Storage, for special precautions which a user needs to be aware of or needs to comply with in connection with transport.
Additional Information	: MARPOL Annex 1 rules apply for bulk shipments by sea.

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SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Hazardous Products Regulations (HPR) and the SDS contains all the information required by the HPR.

The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:					
EINECS	: All components listed or polymer exempt.				
TSCA	: All components listed.				
DSL	: All components listed.				

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Full text of other abbreviations

AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances; ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR -Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; CPR - Controlled Products Regulations; DIN -Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; Nch - Chilean Norm; NO(A)EC -No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NOM - Official Mexican Norm; NTP - National Toxicology Program: NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals: OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TDG - Transportation of Dangerous Goods; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative; WHMIS -Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

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